BHP

Case Study: BHP's Responsible Minerals Program

Minimising greenwashing risk and ensuring sustainable¹, ethical and transparent metals and minerals procurement

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¹ We describe our approach to sustainability and its governance in our Annual Report 2025



Frameworks for ESG procurement assessments in metals and minerals

OECD Guidance

- OECD's Due Diligence Guidance for Conflict Affected and High Risk Areas (OECD Guidance)
- OECD's Handbook on Environmental Due Diligence in Minerals Supply Chains OECD Environment Handbook)

Responsible Standards and Certifications











Market Differentiation and Access

Joint Due Diligence Standard for Copper, Lead, Molybdenum, Nickel and Zinc

Version 3, 24 August 2022









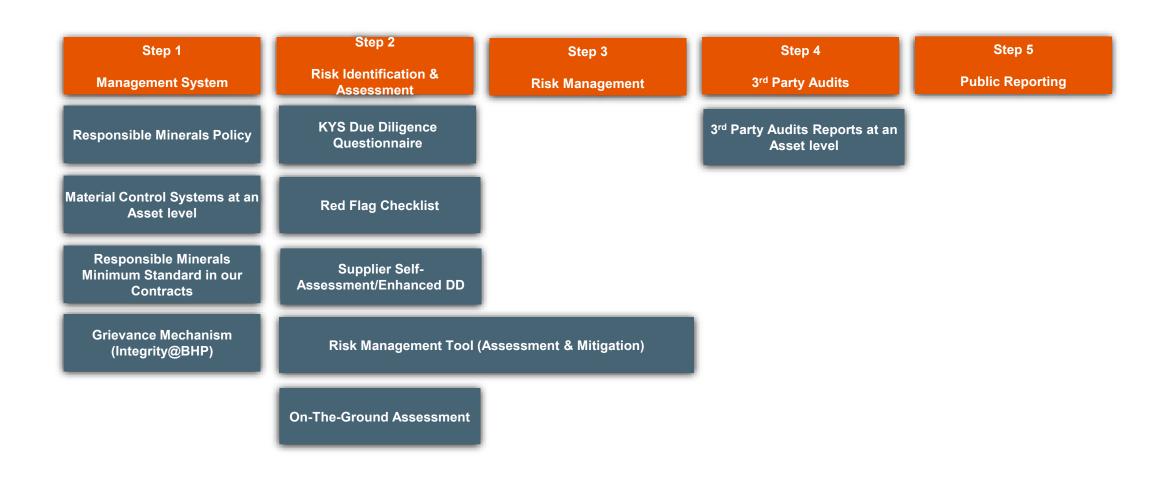






5 Step Due Diligence Management System

Key policies, procedures and tools that underpin the Responsible Minerals Program





Verifying supplier claims and credentials

BHP collects, reviews and assesses relevant information.

This may include any of the following tools and sources:

- Know Your Supplier Questionnaire;
- Factual circumstances of the extraction, trade, handline, processing and export within the relevant supply chain;
- Review of audit reports;
- Desk-based research of publicly available information on the supplier (e.g. reports, media coverage);



Red Flag Themes







Building strong evidence bases to manage greenwashing risks

Use accepted audit criteria

We follow the Joint Due Diligence Standard (**JDDS**) was established by The Copper Mark in collaboration with relevant metals associations to promote the responsible minerals and metals supply chain for copper, nickel, and other metals, aligned with the OECD Guidance

Test at identified points in the supply chain

The Responsible Minerals Program has been subjected to limited assurance by external auditors against the JDDS for our operated assets that produce LME-approved Brand products: Olympic Dam, Spence, Escondida and Nickel West.



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